

Overflow & overtopping in Flanders

Issues & Engineering needs
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Flanders
State of the Art



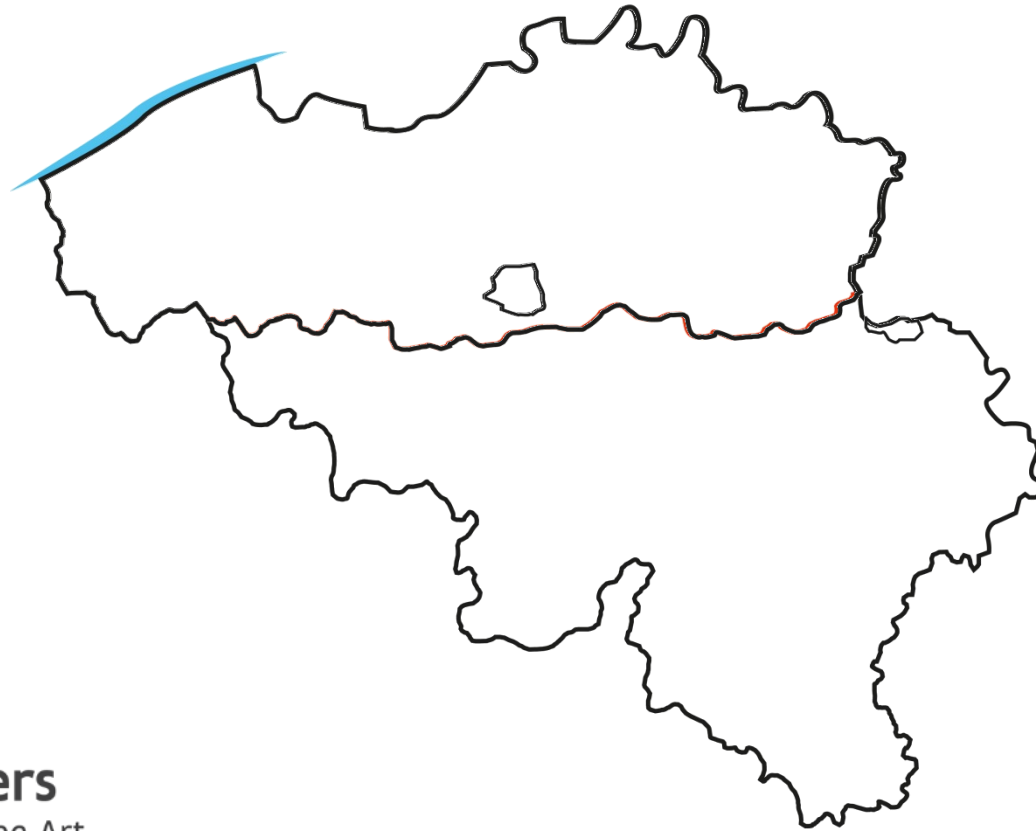
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Who we are

Flanders Hydraulics Research



Flanders, the northern part of Belgium

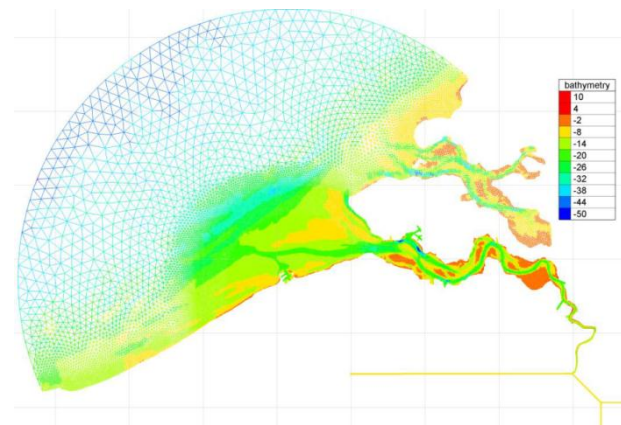
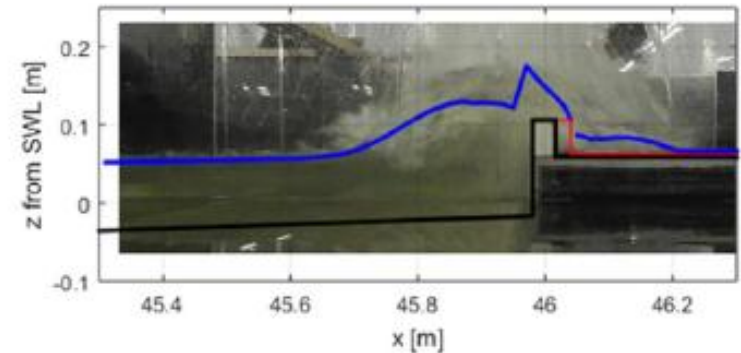


Flanders Hydraulics Research

- Founded in 1933
- Department of Mobility and Public Works (Flemish Government)
- Centre of expertise for research and advice on hydraulic, nautical, sediment-related and hydrological topics
- Provides consultancy services for
 - government of Flanders
 - other domestic and foreign government services
 - private sector

Research areas

- Harbours & waterways
- Hydraulic structures
- Water management
- Hydraulics & sediment





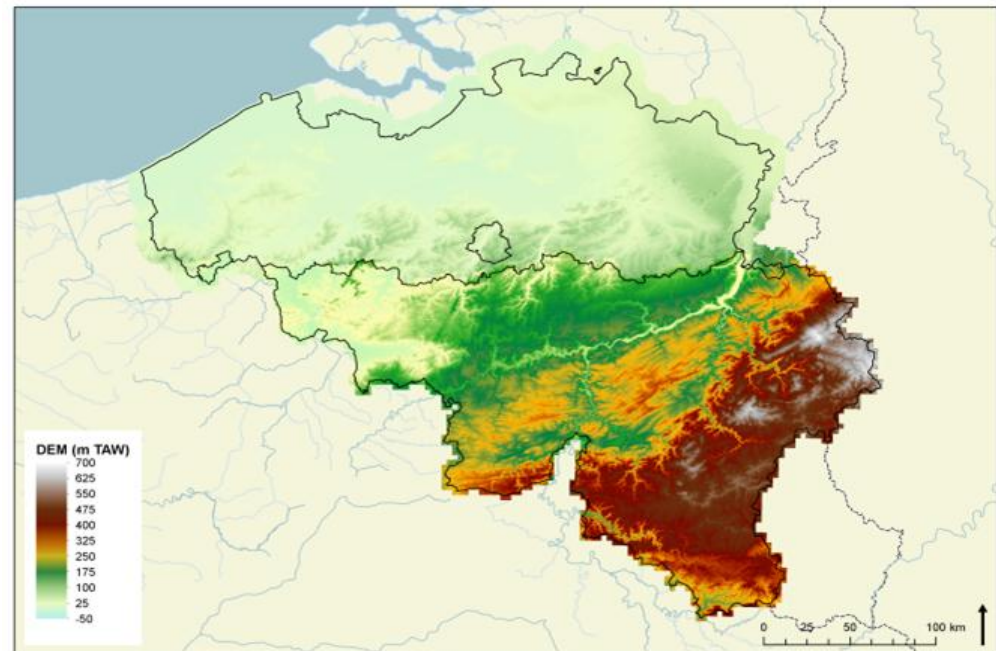
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Levees in Flanders



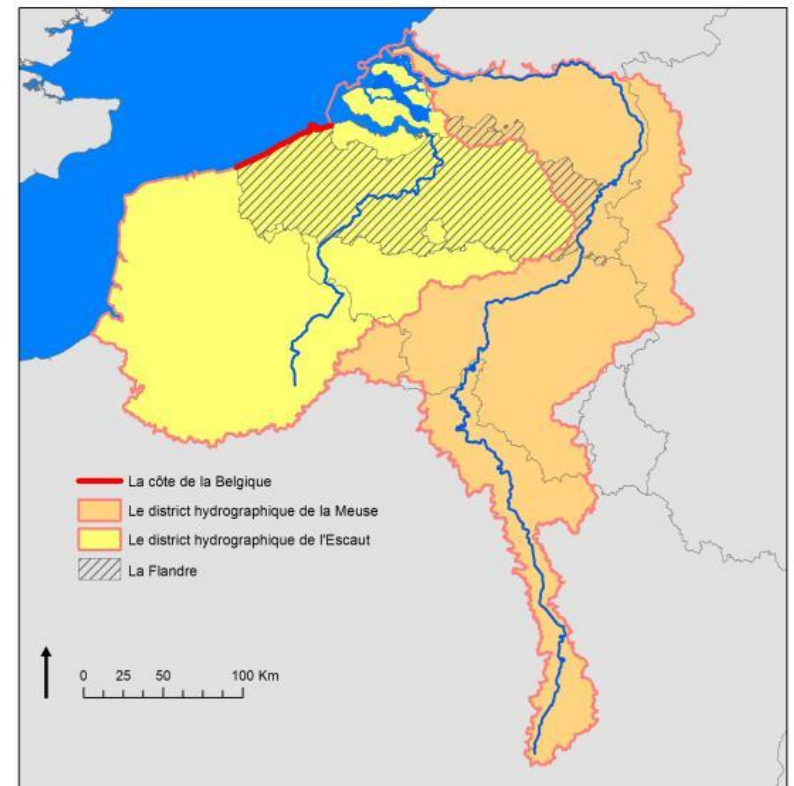
River management in Belgium

- Wallonia
 - Narrow valleys
 - Large dams
- Flanders
 - Relatively flat
 - Dunes & levees



River management in Flanders

- Belgian coast (70 km)
- Two river basin districts
 - catchment of the Scheldt
 - catchment of the Meuse



Levee management in Flanders

- Coastal levee



- River levee



Knowledge Network Dikes (KND)

- All Flemish levee managers together
- Enhancing knowledge exchange
- Universal terminology
- Uniform inspection methodology
- 1 asset management tool under construction

- *Real-time free board maps*



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Issues with respect to external erosion



Along the coast

- Erosion of the foreshore during storm surges
 - following wave action



Scheldt estuary

- Erosion of the landward slope
 - following wave overtopping



Along rivers and canals

- Scour of the flood plain
- Erosion of un(der)protected landward slope
 - following overflow (limited water level above crest)



Climate change

- Crest levels are more or less fixed.
- Frequency of wave overtopping & low overflow events expected to rise
- Increased cracking of cover layer following more intense wetting/drying cycles
 - Higher permeability of cover layer
 - Possibly in combination with an impermeable cohesive core



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Engineering needs with respect to external erosion



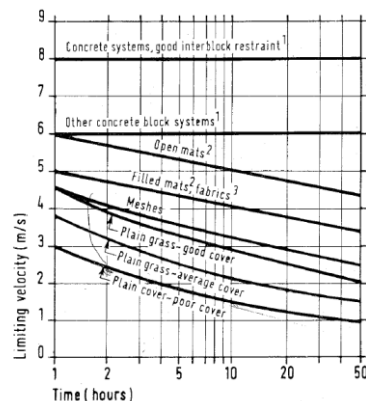
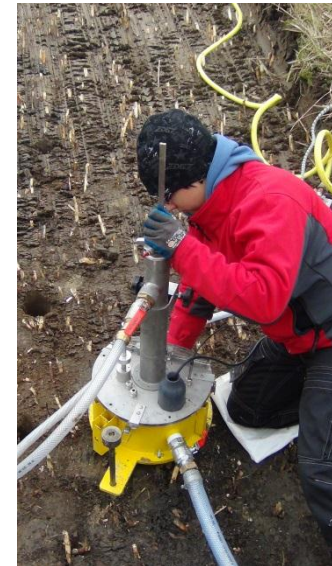
Research activities

- Study of hydraulic jump near the toe (using CFD)
- Prototype overflow experiments with Open Stone Asphalt
- Lime treatment of cover material
- *Geophysical detection of cavities*
- *Hyperspectral images of grass cover*
- In situ breach experiments



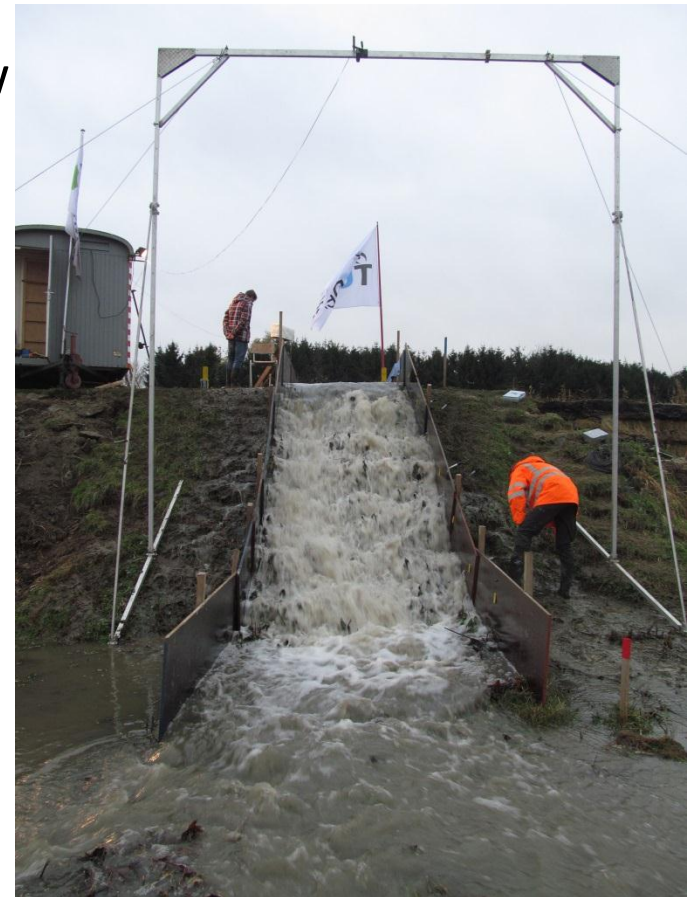
Assessing erosion resistance

- Qualitative strength assessment
- (In situ) JET
- Wave overtopping/overflow tests
- Velocity duration curves
(Hewlett *et al.*, 1987)



Flow over landward slope

- Uniform flow conditions apply?
- How to account for aeration of flow when calculating shear stress?
- Skimming flow or nappe flow?
Which one do you prefer?
- *How to prevent breach initiation in your design?*
(in case structural maintenance is lacking)



Overflow dikes covered with Open Stone Asphalt



- Behaviour under design conditions?
- Effect of hydraulic jump on the slope?

Animal activity



- Detection of cavities
- *Prevention through smart design?*
(in case structural maintenance is lacking)

Preventing breach growth in width



Emergency measures

- No time for trial & error
- Need for best practices: do's & don'ts





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Thank you for your attention!

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