EWG-IE 2021 ONLINE WORKSHOP (February 2nd, 2021)

The role of fines on internal instability and its impact on undrained mechanical response of gap-graded soils

Jitrakon Prasomsri and Akihiro Takahashi

Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering

Tokyo Institute of Technology



Possible suffusion mechanism





Triggering-event-induced collapse





Pressure-controlled Triaxial Erosion Device



Test conditions



3











Undrained mechanical response



Summary

- If FC < FC*, soil is susceptible to suffusion initiated at relatively small hydraulic gradients (coarse-dominated microstructure).
- When suffusion occurs, seepage-induced mass loss without volume change, with change in permeability, is observed.
- The post-suffusion soils showed smaller shear strength and more contractive response.
- When suffosion occurs, seepage-induced mass loss accompanied by reduction in volume is observed.
- The post-suffosion soil showed more dilative tendency at large strain level.

For more details

Prasomsri, J., & Takahashi, A. (2020). The role of fines on internal instability and its impact on undrained mechanical response of gap-graded soils. *Soils and Foundations*, *60*(6), 1468-1488.

Future work: Well-graded soils



Silica #4 - #10 (20X)



Silica #10 - #16 (20X)



Silica #16 - #20 (20X)



0.1

10

Particle diameter, *D* : mm

100

Silica #100 - #140 (100X)

Silica #140 - #200 (15

Future work: Well-graded soils



Thank you for your attention